## INVENTRONICS

## Features

- Panel Mount Connectors Facilitates Installation
- Hot-plugging Protection
- Parallel LED Protection
- Ultra High Efficiency (Up to 96\%)
- Full Power at Wide Output Current Range (Constant Power)
- Adjustable Output Current (AOC) with Programmability
- Isolated 0-10V/PWM/Resistor/3-Timer-Modes Dimmable
- INV Digital Dimming, UART Based Communication Protocol
- Dim-to-Off with Standby Power $\leq 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$
- Minimum Dimming Level with 5\% or 10\% Selectable
- Maximum Dimming Level with 9V or 10V Selectable
- Fade Time Adjustable
- Always-on Auxiliary Power: 12Vdc, 250mA

- Low Inrush Current
- Output Lumen Compensation
- End-of-Life Indicator
- Input Surge Protection: DM 6kV, CM 10kV
- All-Around Protection: IOVP, IUVP, OVP, SCP, OTP
- IP66/IP67 and UL Dry/Damp/Wet Location
- TYPE HL, for Use in a Class I, Division 2 Hazardous (Classified) Location
- 5 Years Warranty


## Description

The SUM-1K0SxxxMGS series is a 1000W, constant-current, programmable and IP66/IP67 rated LED driver that operates from 90-305Vac input with excellent power factor. Created for many lighting applications including high mast, sports, UV-LED, aquaculture and horticulture, etc. It provides an auxiliary voltage and dim-to-off functionality for powering low voltage, wireless controls. The dimming control supports $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ dimming as well as two-way communication via Digital Dimming, a UART based communication protocol. The high efficiency of these drivers and compact metal case enables them to run cooler, significantly improving reliability and extending product life. To ensure trouble-free operation, protection is provided against input surge, input under voltage, input over voltage, output over voltage, short circuit, and over temperature.

Models

| Adjustable Output | Full-Power Current | Default Output | Input Voltage | Output | Max. Output | Typical Efficiency | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{T} \\ \text { Pow } \end{array}$ | cal Factor | Model Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Range | Range(1) | Current | Range(2) | Range | Power | (3) | 120Vac | 220Vac |  |
| 0.32-4 A | 3.2-4 A | 3.3 A | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \sim 305 \mathrm{Vac} \\ & 127 \sim 300 \mathrm{Vdc} \end{aligned}$ | 175~ 312Vdc | 1000W | 95.0\% | 0.99 | 0.96 | SUM-1K0S400MGS |
| 0.672-8.4 A | 6.72-8.4 A | 7.7 A | $\begin{array}{\|c} 90 \sim 305 \mathrm{Vac} \\ 127 \sim 300 \mathrm{Vdc} \end{array}$ | $84 \sim 149 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | 1000W | 95.0\% | 0.99 | 0.96 | SUM-1K0S840MGS |
| 1.85-20A | 18.5-20A | 18.5 A | $\begin{array}{\|c} 90 \sim 305 \mathrm{Vac} \\ 127 \sim 300 \mathrm{Vdc} \end{array}$ | $34 \sim 54 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | 1000W | 95.5\% | 0.99 | 0.96 | SUM-1K0S20AMGS ${ }^{(4)}$ |

Notes: (1) Output current range with constant power at 1000W.
(2) Certified input voltage range: UL, FCC 100-277Vac; otherwise: 100-240Vac

## INVENTRONICS

(3) Measured at 100\% load and 220Vac input (see below "General Specifications" for details).
(4) SELV output

I-V Operating Area



SUM-1K0S20AMGS


## Input Specifications

| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Notes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Input AC Voltage | 90 Vac | - | 305 Vac |  |
| Input DC Voltage | 127 Vdc | - | 300 Vdc |  |
| Input Frequency | 47 Hz | - | 63 Hz |  |
| Leakage Current | - | - | 0.75 MIU | UL 8750; 277Vac/ 60Hz |
|  | - | - | 0.70 mA | IEC 60598-1; 240Vac/ 60Hz |
|  | - | - | 10.07 A | Measured at 80\% load and 120 Vac input. |
|  | - | - | 5.39 A | Measured at $100 \%$ load and 220 Vac <br> input. |

## INVENTRONICS

## Input Specifications (Continued)

| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Notes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Inrush Current( $\left(I^{2} \mathrm{t}\right)$ | - | - | $2.89 \mathrm{~A}^{2} \mathrm{~s}$ | At 220Vac input, 25${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ cold start, <br> duration=17.6 ms, 10\%Ipk-10\%lpk. See <br> Inrush Current Waveform for the details. |
| PF | 0.90 | - | - | At 100-277Vac, $50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 60 \%-100 \% \mathrm{Load}$ <br> $(600-1000 \mathrm{~W})$ |
| THD | - | - | $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| THD | - | - | At 180-305Vac, $50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 80 \%-100 \%$ <br> Load $(800-1000 \mathrm{~W})$ |  |
| THD | - | - | $10 \%$ | At 220-240Vac, $50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 75 \%-100 \%$ <br> Load $(750-1000 \mathrm{~W})$ |

## Output Specifications

| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output Current Tolerance | -5\%loset | - | 5\%loset | 100\% load |
| Output Current Setting(loset Range) <br> SUM-1K0S400MGS <br> SUM-1K0S840MGS <br> SUM-1K0S20AMGS | $\begin{array}{r} 320 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 672 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 1850 \mathrm{~mA} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 4000 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 8400 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 20000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Output Current Setting Range with Constant Power <br> SUM-1K0S400MGS <br> SUM-1K0S840MGS <br> SUM-1K0S20AMGS | $\begin{array}{r} 3200 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 6720 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 18500 \mathrm{~mA} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4000 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 8400 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 20000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{array}$ |  |
| Total Output Current Ripple (pk-pk) | - | 5\%lomax | 10\%lomax | 100\% load, 20 MHz BW |
| Output Current Ripple at $<200 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { (pk-pk) }$ | - | - | 2\%lomax | 70\%-100\% load |
| Startup Overshoot Current | - | - | 10\%lomax | 100\% load |
| No Load Output Voltage SUM-1KOS400MGS SUM-1K0S840MGS SUM-1K0S20AMGS |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 350 \mathrm{~V} \\ 170 \mathrm{~V} \\ 60 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Line Regulation | - | - | $\pm 0.5 \%$ | 100\% load |
| Load Regulation | - | - | $\pm 3.0 \%$ |  |
| Turn-on Delay Time | - | - | 0.5 s | Measured at 120-277Vac input, 60\%100\% Load |
| Temperature Coefficient of loset | - | 0.03\%/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | Case temperature $=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim$ Tc max |
| 12V Auxiliary Output Voltage | 10.8 V | 12 V | 13.2 V |  |
| 12V Auxiliary Output Source Current | 0 mA | - | 250 mA | Return terminal is "Dim-" |
| 12V Auxiliary Output Transient Peak Current@6W | - | - | 500 mA | 500 mA peak for a maximum duration of 2.2 ms in a 6.0 ms period during which time the average should not exceed 250 mA . |
| 12V Auxiliary Output Transient Peak Current@10W | - | - | 850 mA | 850mA peak for a maximum duration of 1.3 ms in a 5.2 ms period during which time the average should not exceed 250 mA . |

## INVENTRONICS

General Specifications

| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Efficiency at 120 Vac input: SUM-1K0S400MGS |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{lo}=3200 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{lo}=4000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90.0 \% \\ & 89.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92.0 \% \\ & 91.0 \% \end{aligned}$ |  | Measured at 80\% load and steady-state |
| SUM-1K0S840MGS |  |  |  | temperature in $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient; |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{lo}=6720 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{lo}=8400 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | 91.0\% 90.0\% | 93.0\% $92.0 \%$ | - | (Efficiency will be about $2.0 \%$ lower if measured immediately after startup.) |
| SUM-1K0S20AMGS |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{lo}=18500 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{lo}=20000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91.0 \% \\ & 91.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93.0 \% \\ & 93.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | - |  |
| Efficiency at 220 Vac input: SUM-1K0S400MGS |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Io}=3200 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{lo}=4000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93.0 \% \\ & 93.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | $95.0 \%$ $95.0 \%$ |  | Measured at 100\% load and steady-state |
| SUM-1K0S840MGS |  |  |  | temperature in $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient; |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{lo}=6720 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{lo}=8400 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93.0 \% \\ & 93.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95.0 \% \\ & 95.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | - | (Efficiency will be about $2.0 \%$ lower if measured immediately after startup.) |
| SUM-1K0S20AMGS |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{lo}=18500 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{lo}=20000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93.5 \% \\ & 93.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95.5 \% \\ & 95.5 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Efficiency at 277 Vac input: SUM-1K0S400MGS |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{lo}=3200 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{lo}=4000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93.5 \% \\ & 93.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95.5 \% \\ & 95.5 \% \end{aligned}$ |  | Measured at 100\% load and steady-state |
| SUM-1K0S840MGS |  |  |  | temperature in $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient; |
| $\mathrm{lo}=6720 \mathrm{~mA}$ $\mathrm{lo}=8400 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 93.0\% | 95.0\% | - | (Efficiency will be about 2.0\% lower if |
| SUM-1KOS20AMGS |  |  |  | measured immediately after startup.) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Io}=18500 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{lo}=20000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 94.0 \% \\ & 94.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 96.0 \% \\ & 96.0 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Standby Power | - | 1.5 W |  | Measured at $230 \mathrm{Vac} / 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$; Dimming off |
| MTBF | - | $206,000$ <br> Hours | - | Measured at 220Vac input, 80\%Load and $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature (MIL-HDBK217F) |
| Lifetime | - | $110,000$ <br> Hours | - | Measured at 220 Vac input, $80 \%$ Load and $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ case temperature; See lifetime vs. Tc curve for the details |
|  | - | $\begin{aligned} & 50,000 \\ & \text { Hours } \end{aligned}$ | - | Measured at 220Vac input, 100\%Load and $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature |
| Operating Case Temperature for Safety Tc s | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | $+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Operating Case Temperature for Warranty Tc_w | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Case temperature for 5 years warranty Humidity: $10 \%$ RH to $95 \%$ RH |
| Storage Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Humidity: $5 \%$ RH to $95 \%$ RH |
| $\begin{array}{rr} \hline \text { Dimensions } \\ \text { Inches }(\mathrm{L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H}) \\ \text { Millimeters }(\mathrm{L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \times 4.25 \times \\ & \times 108 \times \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { With mounting ear } \\ & 17.72 \times 4.25 \times 1.91 \\ & 450 \times 108 \times 48.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Net Weight | - | 3730 g | - |  |

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## Dimming Specifications

| Parameter |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Absolute Maximum Voltage on the Vdim (+) Pin |  | -20 V | - | 20 V |  |
| Source Current on Vdim (+)Pin |  | 90 uA | 100 uA | 110 uA | V dim $(+)=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Dimming Output Range with 10\%-100\% (Default) | SUM-1K0S400MGS SUM-1K0S840MGS SUM-1K0S20AMGS | 10\%loset | - | loset | $\begin{aligned} & 3200 \mathrm{~mA} \leq \text { loset } \leq 4000 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 6720 \mathrm{~mA} \leq \text { loset } \leq 8400 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 18500 \mathrm{~mA} \leq \text { loset } \leq 20000 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | SUM-1K0S400MGS SUM-1K0S840MGS SUM-1K0S20AMGS | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 320 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 672 \mathrm{~mA} \\ 1850 \mathrm{~mA} \end{array}$ | - | loset | $\begin{aligned} & 320 \mathrm{~mA} \leq \text { loset } \leq 3200 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 672 \mathrm{~mA} \leq \text { loset } \leq 6720 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 1850 \mathrm{~mA} \leq \text { loset } \leq 18500 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
| Dimming <br> Output <br> Range with <br> 5\%-100\% <br> (Settable) | SUM-1K0S400MGS SUM-1K0S840MGS SUM-1K0S20AMGS | 5\%loset | - | loset | $3200 \mathrm{~mA} \leq$ loset $\leq 4000 \mathrm{~mA}$ 6720 mA s loset $\leq 8400 \mathrm{~mA}$ 18500 mA < loset $\leq 20000 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
|  | SUM-1K0S400MGS SUM-1K0S840MGS SUM-1K0S20AMGS | 160 mA 336 mA 925 mA | - | loset | $\begin{aligned} & 320 \mathrm{~mA} \leq \text { loset } \leq 3200 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 672 \mathrm{~mA} \leq \text { loset } \leq 6720 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 1850 \mathrm{~mA} \leq \text { loset } \leq 18500 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
| Recommended Dimming Input Range |  | 0 V | - | 10 V |  |
| Dim off Voltage |  | 0.35 V | 0.5 V | 0.65 V |  |
| Dim on Voltage |  | 0.55 V | 0.7 V | 0.85 V |  |
| Hysteresis |  | - | 0.2 V | - |  |
| PWM_in High Level |  | 3 V | - | 10 V |  |
| PWM_in Low Level |  | -0.3 V | - | 0.6 V |  |
| PWM_in Frequency Range |  | 200 Hz | - | 3 KHz |  |
| PWM_in Duty Cycle |  | 1\% | - | 99\% |  |
| PWM Dimming off (Positive Logic) |  | 3\% | 5\% | 8\% | Dimming mode set to PWM in Inventronics Programing Software. |
| PWM Dimming on (Positive Logic) |  | 5\% | 7\% | 10\% |  |
| PWM Dimming off ( Negative Logic) |  | 92\% | 95\% | 97\% |  |
| PWM Dimming on ( NegativeLogic) |  | 90\% | 93\% | 95\% |  |
| Hysteresis |  | - | 2\% | - |  |

## Safety \&EMC Compliance

| Safety Category | Standard |
| :---: | :--- |
| UL/CUL | UL 8750,CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 250.13 |
| CE | EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13 |
| CB | IEC 61347-1, IEC 61347-2-13 |
| EMI Standards |  |
| EN IEC 55015 ${ }^{(1)}$ | Conducted emission Test \&Radiated emission Test |
| EN IEC 61000-3-2 | Harmonic current emissions |
| EN 61000-3-3 | Voltage fluctuations \& flicker |

## INVENTRONICS

## Safety \&EMC Compliance (Continued)

| EMI Standards | Notes |
| :---: | :--- |
| FCC Part 15 |  |
|  | ANSI C63.4 Class B |
|  | This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following <br> two conditions: [1] this device may not cause harmful interference, and [2] this device <br> must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired <br> Operation. |
| EMS Standards |  |
| EN 61000-4-2 | Electrostatic Discharge (ESD): 8 kV air discharge, 4 kV contact discharge |
| EN 61000-4-3 | Radio-Frequency Electromagnetic Field Susceptibility Test-RS |
| EN 61000-4-4 | Electrical Fast Transient / Burst-EFT |
| EN 61000-4-5 | Surge Immunity Test: AC Power Line: Differential Mode 6 kV, Common Mode 10 kV |
| EN 61000-4-6 | Conducted Radio Frequency Disturbances Test-CS |
| EN 61000-4-8 | Power Frequency Magnetic Field Test |
| EN 61000-4-11 | Voltage Dips |
| EN 61547 | Electromagnetic Immunity Requirements Applies To Lighting Equipment |

Note: (1) This LED driver meets the EMI specifications above, but EMI performance of a luminaire that contains it depends also on the other devices connected to the driver and on the fixture itself.

## Derating

Derating


## INVENTRONICS

## Lifetime vs. Case Temperature



Inrush Current Waveform


Efficiency vs. Load

SUM-1K0S400MGS(Io=3200mA)
Efficiency vs. Output Voltage


SUM-1K0S400MGS(lo=4000mA)
Efficiency vs. Output Voltage


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SUM-1K0S840MGS(Io=6720mA)
Efficiency vs. Output Voltage


SUM-1K0S20AMGS(lo=18500mA)
Efficiency vs. Output Voltage


SUM-1K0S840MGS(lo=8400mA)
Efficiency vs. Output Voltage


SUM-1K0S20AMGS(lo=20000mA)
Efficiency vs. Output Voltage


## Power Factor



## INVENTRONICS

## Total Harmonic Distortion



## Hot-plugging Protection

This feature protects LEDs when connecting to a driver that is already powered on. This is disabled by default and can be enabled through the Inventronics PC programming interface.


LED threshold voltage (Vth) is the minimum voltage required for current to flow through the LED load. After this threshold is met, the LED forward voltage ( Vf ) increases as the current increases.

Set Vth close to, but higher than the actual LED threshold voltage for optimized performance. The greater the difference between the Vth setting and the actual LED threshold voltage, the higher the overshoot current will be. The Vth setting must be lower than Vf.

Please test, program, and tune this feature for each LED load design.

| Parameter |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hotplugging Protection | LED <br> Threshold Voltage Setting Range | SUM-1K0S400MGS | 175 V | - | 312 V | Set Vth close to, but higher than the actual LED threshold voltage |
|  |  | SUM-1K0S840MGS | 84 V | - | 149 V |  |
|  |  | SUM-1K0S20AMGS | 44 V | - | 54 V |  |
|  | Setting Tolerance |  | -2\% | - | 2\% |  |

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## ParalleI LED Protection

This feature helps protect parallel LEDs from a high, overcurrent condition by limiting the voltage. This is disabled by default and can be enabled through the Inventronics PC programming interface.


Set V_overload close to, but higher than the maximum forward voltage for optimized performance. The greater the difference between the V_overload setting and the maximum forward voltage, the higher the overload stress will be. The V_overload setting must be higher than Vf.

Please test, program, and tune this feature for each LED load design.

| Parameter |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Notes |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parallel <br> LED <br> Protection | Overload <br> Voltage <br> Setting <br> Range | SUM-1K0S400MGS | 175 V | - | 325 V | Set V_overload close to, but higher <br> than the maximum LED forward <br> voltage |
|  | SUM-1K0S20AMGS | 47 V | - | 56 V |  |  |
|  | Setting Tolerance |  | $-2 \%$ | - | $2 \%$ |  |

## Protection Functions

| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Notes |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over Temperature Protection | Decreases output current, returning to normal after over temperature is removed. |  |  |  |  |
| Short Circuit Protection | Auto Recovery. No damage will occur when any output is short circuited. The output <br> shall return to normal when the fault condition is removed. |  |  |  |  |
| Over Voltage Protection | Limits output voltage at no load and in case the normal voltage limit fails. |  |  |  |  |
| Input Under <br> Voltage <br> Protection <br> (IUVP) | Input Protection <br> Voltage | 70 Vac | 80 Vac | 90 Vac | Turn off the output when the input voltage <br> falls below protection voltage. |
|  | Input Recovery <br> Voltage | 75 Vac | 85 Vac | 95 Vac | Auto Recovery. The driver will restart when <br> the input voltage exceeds recovery voltage. |
| Input Over <br> Voltage <br> Protection <br> (IOVP) | Input Over <br> Voltage <br> Protection | 310 Vac | 320 Vac | 330 Vac | Auto Recovery. The driver will restart when <br> the input voltage falls below recovery <br> voltage. |
|  | Input Over <br> Voltage <br> Recovery | 300 Vac | 310 Vac | 320 Vac | Auto Recovery. The driver will restart when <br> the input voltage falls below recovery <br> voltage. |
|  | Max. of Input <br> Over Voltage | - | - | 350 Vac | The driver can survive for 8 hours with a <br> stable input voltage stress of 350Vac. |

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- Input Under Voltage Protection Diagram

- Input Over Voltage Protection Diagram



## INVENTRONICS

## Dimming

- 0-10V Dimming

The recommended implementation of the dimming control is provided below.
Io/loset vs. Dimming Voltage




Implementation 1: Positive logic

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## Notes:

1. Do NOT connect Dim- to the output V - or $\mathrm{V}+$, otherwise the driver will not work properly.
2. The dimmer can also be replaced by an active $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ voltage source signal or passive components like zener.
3. When $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ negative logic dimming mode and Dim+ is open, the driver will dim to off and be standby.

- PWM Dimming

The recommended implementation of the dimming control is provided below.


Implementation 3: Positive logic

## INVENTRONICS



Implementation 4: Negative logic

## Notes:

1. Do NOT connect Dim- to the output V - or $\mathrm{V}+$, otherwise the driver will not work properly.
2. When PWM negative logic dimming mode and Dim+ is open, the driver will dim to off and be standby.

## - Resistor Dimming

The recommended implementation of the dimming control is provided below.


Implementation 5: Positive logic

## INVENTRONICS



Implementation 6: Negative logic

## Notes:

1. Do NOT connect Dim- to the output V- or V+, otherwise the driver will not work properly.
2. When resistor negative logic dimming mode and Dim+ is open, the driver will dim to off and be standby.

- Time Dimming

Time dimming control includes 3 kinds of modes, they are Self Adapting-Midnight, Self AdaptingPercentage and Traditional Timer.

- Self Adapting-Midnight: Automatically adjusts the dimming curve based on the on-time of past two days (if difference <15 minutes), assuming that the center point of the dimming curve is midnight local time.
- Self Adapting-Percentage: Automatically adjusts the on-time of each step by a constant percentage = (actual on-time for the past 2 days if difference $<15 \mathrm{~min}$ ) / (programmed on-time from the dimming curve).
- Traditional Timer: Follows the programmed timing curve after power on with no changes.
- Output Lumen Compensation

Output Lumen Compensation (OLC) may be used to maintain constant light output over the life of the LEDs by driving them at a reduced current when new, then gradually increasing the drive current over time to counteract LED lumen degradation.

- Minimum Dimming Level with 5\% or 10\% Selectable

The minimum dimming level can be set as $5 \%$ or $10 \%$ by Inventronics Multi Programmer, $10 \%$ is default.

- Maximum Dimming Level with 9V or 10V Selectable

The maximum dimming level can be set as corresponding dimming voltage is 9 V or 10 V by Inventronics Multi Programmer, 9 V is default.

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- Fade Time Adjustable

Soft-start time and dimming slope can be adjusted by Inventronics Multi Programmer to get customized fade time experience, disable mode is default.

- End Of Life

End-of-Life (EOL) is providing a visual notification to a user that the LED module has reached the end of manufacturer-specified life and that the replacement is recommended. Once active, an indication is given at each power-up of the driver, which the driver indicates this through a lower light output during the first 1 minute before normal operation is continued.

## - Digital Dimming

Inventronics Digital Dimming is a UART (Universal Asynchronous Receive Transmitter) based communication protocol. Please refer to Inventronics Digital Dimming file for details

## Programming Connection Diagram



Note: The driver does not need to be powered on during the programming process.

- Please refer to PRG-MUL2 (Programmer) datasheet for details.


## Mechanical Outline



## INVENTRONICS

Note: This driver features UL Wet Location, IP67 panel mount connectors to streamline wiring in the field while still supporting stringent environmental conditions. The mating push-lock are not supplied by Inventronics. Please contact Wieland and Amphenol LTW or one of their suppliers for assistance sourcing the mating push-lock.

| Location | Series | Rating <br> voltage/current | PN of connector on driver | PN of mating push-lock |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vin | Wieland RST20i3 | $600 \mathrm{~V} / 10 \mathrm{~A}$ | 96.032 .1055 .7 | 96.031 .0055 .7 (Spring) <br> or 96.031.4055.7 (Screw) |
| Vo | ALTW X-Lok,C-Size | $600 \mathrm{~V} / 10 \mathrm{~A}$ | CC-03PMFS-QC801P | CC-03BFMB-QL8APA |
|  | $300 \mathrm{~V} / 20 \mathrm{~A}$ | CC-03PMFS-QC800P | CC-03BFMB-QL8APP |  |
| Dim | ALTW X-Lok,A-Size | $300 \mathrm{~V} / 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | AD-03PMMS-QC8001 | AD-03BFFB-QL8AP0 |
| Dim | ALTW X-Lok,A-Size <br> Waterproof Cap | $/$ | CAP-WAAMQPC1 |  |

## RoHS Compliance

Our products comply with reference to RoHS Directive (EU) 2015/863 amending 2011/65/EU, calling for the elimination of lead and other hazardous substances from electronic products.

## INVENTRONICS

Revision History

| Change <br> Date | Rev. | Description of Change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | From | To |  |
| $2023-03-28$ | A | Datasheet Release | $/$ | $/$ |

